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Saint John's Lands & Wetlands: Historical Highlights

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Roske, Peggy L., "Saint John's Lands & Wetlands: Historical Highlights" (2012). *Archives History Lessons*. 78

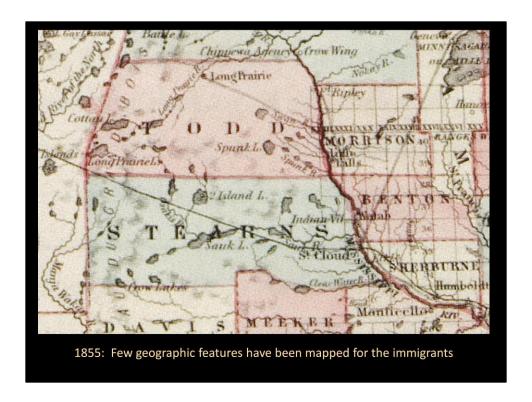
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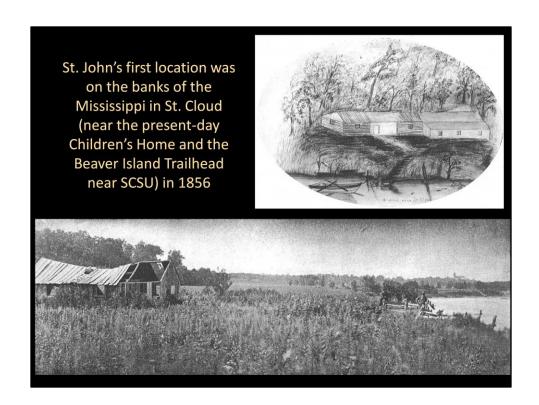
Ca. 1855 Minnesota Map

Found on p. 52-53 of: Lanegran, David A. *Minnesota on the Map: A historical atlas*. St. Paul: Minnesota Historical Society Press, 2008. Alcuin Library G 1426 .S1 L3 2008. Attributed therein to *Colton's Atlas of the World*, 1855, New York: J. H. Colton. Minnesota, no. 49.



1855 Minnesota Map (zoomed in)

Found on p. 52-53 of: Lanegran, David A. *Minnesota on the Map: A historical atlas*. St. Paul: Minnesota Historical Society Press, 2008. Alcuin Library G 1426 .S1 L3 2008. Attributed therein to *Colton's Atlas of the World*, 1855, New York: J. H. Colton. Minnesota, no. 49.



St. Cloud Priory on the banks of the Mississippi Top: Henry Emmel sketch; Photo from *Worship & Work* p. 38f

Go West Young Monks



The main reason why Wimmer had personally come to Minnesota was to look at the claims Father Bruno wanted to establish on land four miles out of St. Joseph. Father Bruno had never been convinced that their St. Cloud site was suitable for a monastery because it lacked both wood and pasture land. He felt the seminary and college should be started there, but that the monastery should be near St. Joseph, along the Watab river where a thousand newly surveyed acres could be claimed. Prior Demetrius would allow Father Bruno only one day a week to explore these prairie and wooded lands, and the latter spent each Monday tramping through the territory with a parishioner as companion.

—-from Worship & Work

1856 Wimmer visit

Abbot Boniface Wimmer

Fr. Bruno Riess



1856 Wimmer visit
Text from *Worship & Work,* p. 44
Photos http://cdm.csbsju.edu/cdm/ref/collection/SJUArchives/id/11595/show/10953







While Wimmer was awaiting the return of Prior Demetrius from St. Paul he went with Fathers Bruno and Cornelius to St. Joseph and thence into the Watab lands. This area was called the 'Indianbush' because it had but recently been the hunting grounds of Sioux and Chippewa Indians, who still made occasional forays through it. They walked Indian fashion through the area, badly scratching themselves on the dense underbrush, but becoming more excited each hour over the excellent timber and beautiful meadow of wild hay which grew higher than their heads. Wimmer, practical and far-seeing as always, determined then and there that this land must be obtained.

--from Worship & Work

Scouting the "Indianbush" with Wimmer
Text from *Worship & Work,* p. 44
Photos http://cdm.csbsju.edu/cdm/ref/collection/SJUArchives/id/11595/show/10953



It is to the foresight and shrewdness of Bruno Riess primarily that St. John's owes its permanent location. He it was who first saw the possibilities of the 'Indianbush,' who pressed for permission to obtain it, and who directed the work of erecting claim shacks on each 360 acres.

When the Rothkopp claims were contested and the monks were in danger of losing everything, it was the 'Indianbush' claims along the Watab, Bruno Riess' claims, which saved the community.

Credit Bruno Riess for St. John's final location
Text from *Worship & Work,* p. 44
Photos http://cdm.csbsju.edu/cdm/ref/collection/SJUArchives/id/11595/show/10953

Early Chronology

1856: Monks arrive in St. Cloud

1858: Monks move to St. Joseph because of St. Cloud land litigation

1859: Prior Benedict "did not consider the move expedient" and moves monks back to St. Cloud

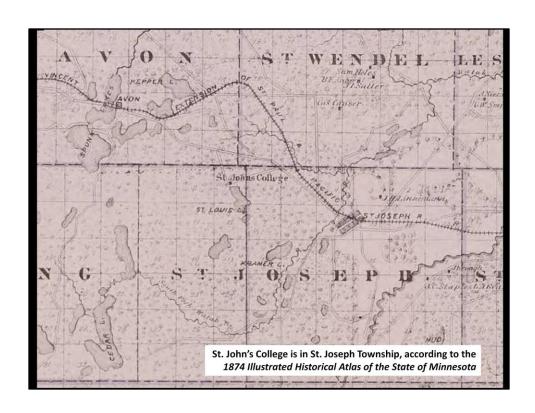
1861: Civil War breaks out

1862: Indian uprising

1864: St. Cloud land litigation goes against

St. John's; Monks move to Indianbush

Early Chronology: back and forth between St. Cloud and Indianbush

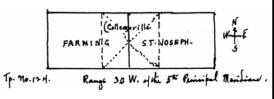


1874 Atlas: St. John's College is on the map; Lake Sagatagan is sketchy 1874 Illustrated Historical Atlas of the State of Minnesota –Stearns County, p. 155 http://reflections.mndigital.org/cdm/ref/collection/mhs/id/1020

Geography

The Township of Collegeville in Stearns County Minnesota, lies about 45° 30' N. lat and about 94° 18' long west of Greenwich, England. Reference to a map in the Historical

Atlas of Minnesota, 1874 by A.T. Andreas (whoever that may have been) shows no Collegeville Tp. That map - of Steams County - has the 2 townships of St. Joseph and Farming contiguous one to the other, thus:

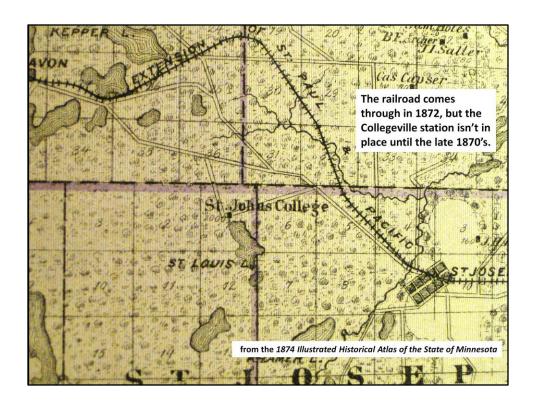


At this time the townships of St. Joseph and Farming had each 54 sections (each 640 acres). Then in 1880 the 18 western sections of St. Joseph Tp and the 18 eastern sections of Farming were welded together to form a normal Tp. of 36 sections and this new unit was called Collegeville, a name selected by Abbot Alexius Edelbrock of St. John's

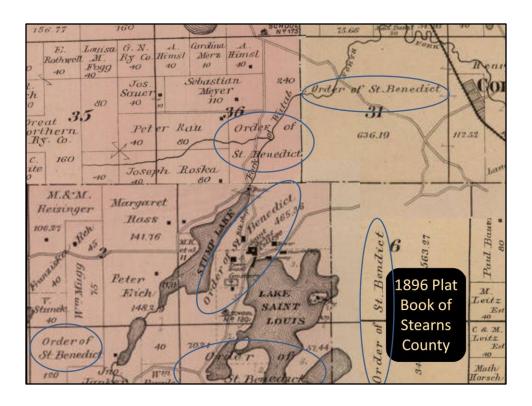
Farming and St. Joseph townships are split to form Collegeville Township

from *Natural History of Collegeville, Minnesota* by Alexius Hoffmann, OSB

Farming and St. Joseph townships are split to form Collegeville Township from Natural History of Collegeville, Minnesota, p. 4 of the pdf by Alexius Hoffmann, O.S.B. (originally written in 1926, finished in 1934).



1874 Illustrated Historical Atlas of the State of Minnesota, p. 155 http://reflections.mndigital.org/cdm/ref/collection/mhs/id/1020

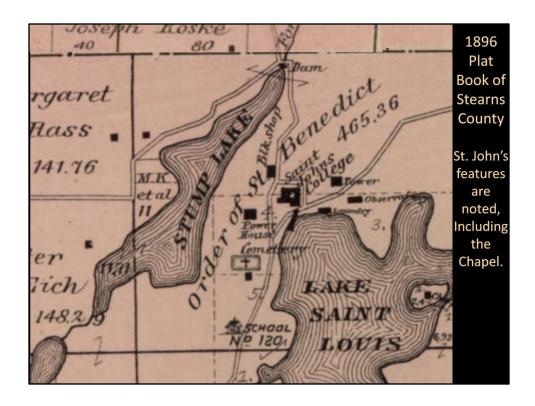


1896 plat book maps, with OSB land holdings noted

1896 Plat maps\Collegeville Township NE 1896 cropped; 1896 Plat maps\St Joseph Township NW 1896

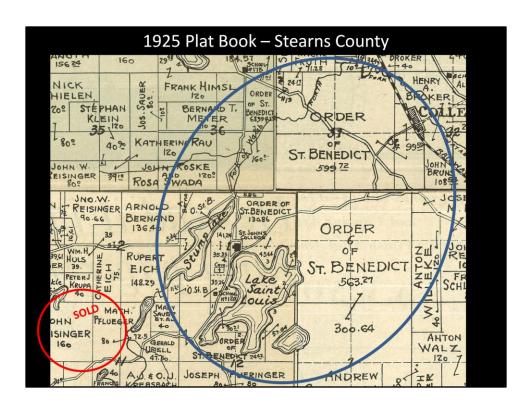
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p. 27, Avon Township; p. 43, Collegeville Township

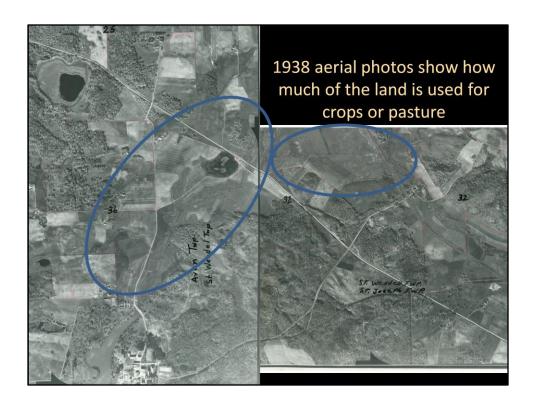


Close-up of features noted in the 1896 Plat book
1896 Plat Book of Stearns County, Minnesota by C.M. Foste – p. 43, Collegeville
Township, Saint John's College
http://reflections.mndigital.org/cdm/compoundobject/collection/stearns/id/389/rec//1

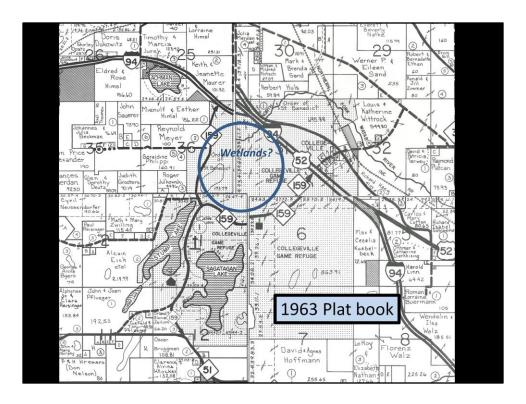
p. 27, Avon Township; p. 43, Collegeville Township



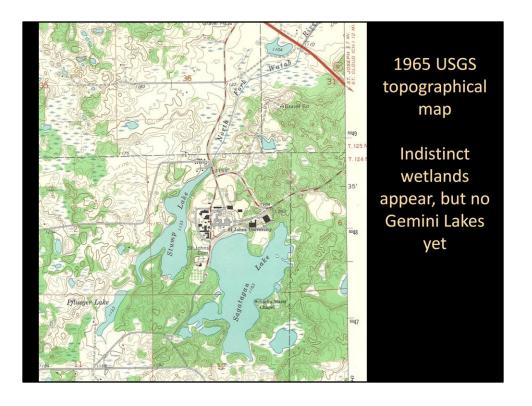
By 1925, the southwest plot has been sold. 1925 Plat Book Stearns County, Minnesota Alcuin Library G 1428.S6 F27



1938 aerial photos: crops and pasture



1963 Plat book: wetlands?



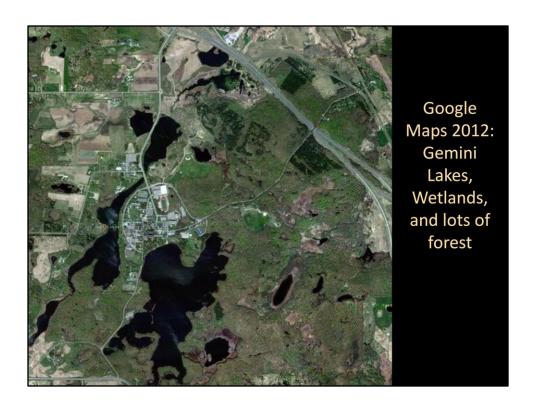
1965: Indistinct wetlands appear, but no Gemini Lakes yet

1965 USGS 1965 CO2 01

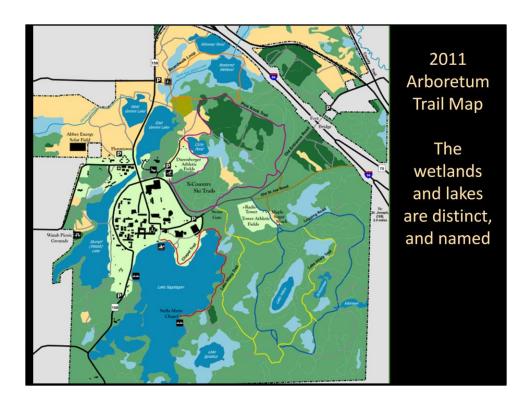


In 1985, Fr. Paul Schweitz was named land manager of the school's 2,400 acres. Before his untimely early death, he spearheaded the prairie and wetland restoration project, which reintroduced many species of wild flowers, prairie grasses and over 45 species of wildlife.

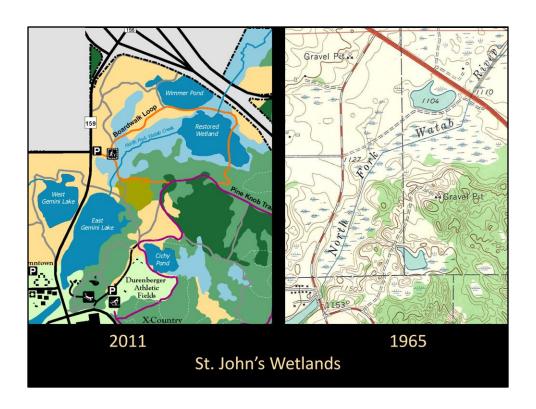
Fr. Paul Schwietz spearheaded the prairie and wetland restoration project Text from The Record Sept. 28, 2000 http://cdm.csbsju.edu/cdm/ref/collection/CSBArchNews/id/34456/show/34445 Photo from O:\Institutional Advancement SJU\Advancement Photo Archive\Advancement Photo Archive_Main Folder\Arboretum



2012 Google Map of Collegeville: Gemini Lakes, Wetlands, and lots of forest https://www.google.com/mapmaker?ll=45.579505,-94.385347&spn=0.0322,0.065918&t=k&z=14&q=Collegeville,+MN&utm_source=map seditbutton_normal&gw=30&lyt=large_map



2011 Arboretum Trails map: the wetlands and lakes are distinct and named http://www.csbsju.edu/Documents/Arboretum/land_steward/Maps/2011TrailMap.p df



2011 Trails map and 1965 Topographical map compared http://www.csbsju.edu/Documents/Arboretum/land_steward/Maps/2011TrailMap.p df

